

# Metal Hydride Hydrogen Compressors

## A modularly scalable, intrinsically silent and low cost hydrogen compression system

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In general, a Metal Hydride Hydrogen compressor is a compressor that works by absorbing hydrogen at low pressure and temperature and desorbing it at a higher pressure by raising the temperature with an external heat source like a heated water bath. Metal hydrides are special alloys that can chemically store hydrogen in their metallic lattice.



principle called thermal This operating hydrogen compression system – based on the equilibrium pressure as a function of temperature and hydrogen content of the hydride – can offer an innovative economic alternative to traditional mechanical hydrogen compressors apart from the technical application for hydrogen storage in solid material.

#### **Advantages**

Non-mechanical hydrogen compressors have several advantages over the mechanical ones, including:

- ✓ smaller size
- $\checkmark$  lower noise levels
- ✓ lower operating and maintenance costs
- ✓ Increased efficiency (especially when using available heat wastes or excess renewable energy to feed the chemical compressor)
- ✓ Flexibility over a wide range of compression

Moreover, since the hydrogen absorption-desorption plateau pressure of a metal hydride (MH) varies with temperature according to the van't Hoff equation (In  $P = \Delta H/RT - \Delta S/R$ ), the MH compressors are thermally powered systems that use the ability of reversible metal hydrides to compress hydrogen without any contamination.



A van't Hoff plot illustrating the operation of a two-stage Metal Hydride Hydrogen Compression



## **Identification of Target Markets and other Market Issues**

Based on these clear advantages, two major niche markets have been identified:

### **1.RES & H2** autonomous power systems of islands and

#### 2.Hydrogen filling stations for vehicles.



Metal hydrides basic principle

Step 2

## ✓ Very good commercialization potential for MH2C

- ✓ Both major target markets identified (i.e. Large scale Hydrogen Production using excess energy from RES and H2 vehicle refueling stations), show a rapid development.
- $\checkmark$  The cost of hydrogen compressors does not have a significant impact on the technoeconomic analysis of large-scale RES – Hydrogen power systems

✓ A cost reduction in the order of 15-20% to the currently existing cost of the thermal compressor would play a significant role in the commercialization of the product in small scale applications, such autonomous, self sufficient residences



This work is supported by the ATLAS-MHC European Project PIAP-GA-2013-612292

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